



Mississippi Emergency Management Agency

"Disaster Preparedness Saves Lives and Property."

2005-2008 Annual Report

MISSISSIPPI EMERGENCY
MANAGEMENT AGENCY

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AGENCY OVERVIEW

This annual report represents the first overview of the agency's changes that have taken place in the years after Katrina. It includes overviews of the different departments and programs as well as an overview of Katrina's effects and damage.

The Mississippi Emergency Management Agency was established on May 9, 1980 to succeed the Mississippi Civil Defense Council as the statewide agency charged with preserving the lives and properties of Mississippi citizens in the face of inevitable natural, technological or manmade disasters.

To accomplish this mission, MEMA coordinates disaster preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation programs with the state's 82 counties, local governments and the Choctaw Nation.

In August 2005, Hurricane Katrina roared out of the Gulf of Mexico and dealt Mississippians the greatest challenge encountered since Hurricane Camille's onslaught 36 years before. Faced with crippling blows to infrastructure throughout the state, MEMA staff overcame the storm's effects through exhaustive and comprehensive recovery efforts.

So far, MEMA has disbursed an estimated \$1,693,101,590 in federal funding for public assistance projects in Mississippi communities to rebuild after Hurricane Katrina. An additional \$1,231,103,078 remains to be spent on these recovery efforts.

Three years after Hurricane Katrina, MEMA has restructured its organization to cope with the ongoing cleanup and reconstruction of the Mississippi Gulf Coast while maintaining its focus on preparing the state to face emergencies that lie ahead.

Through a Legislature-approved reorganization, MEMA created five offices to serve the agency's mission:

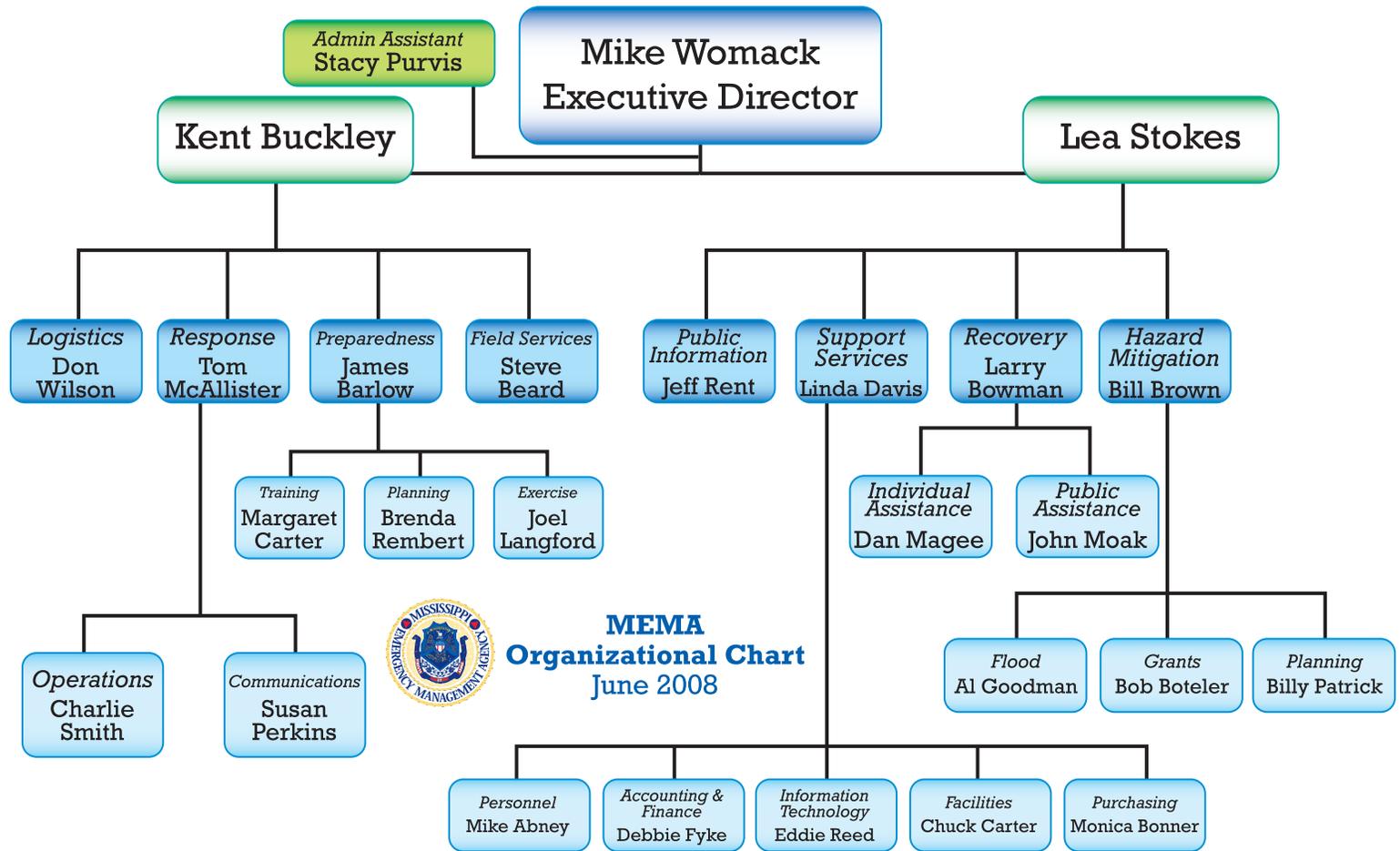
- Mitigation.
- Recovery.
- Response.
- Preparedness.
- Support Services.

In addition, an executive office includes field services, logistics, disaster reservists and external affairs bureaus.

MEMA: STATE EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTER



The Federal Emergency Management Agency defines the national emergency management program, and provides research and funding to support state and local activities. MEMA has the responsibility to ensure a comprehensive and coordinated emergency management system at the local, state and federal level.



Employee count by Office:		
Office	Employees*	Contractors
Alternative Housing	38	10
Executive	8	
Field Services	11	
Hazard Mitigation	31	
Preparedness	21	
Recovery	52	
Response	20	
Support Services	24	
*This includes both permanent and time limited positions.		

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

MEMA Executive Director Thomas M. Womack manages all daily MEMA operations as well as coordinates with state agencies, local governments, Atlanta-based FEMA Region IV and voluntary organizations involved with disaster response and recovery.

The Executive Branch includes the Executive Director, a Deputy Administrator who oversees the offices of response, field services, logistics and preparedness and another Deputy Administrator who oversees the offices of mitigation, recovery, support services and external affairs.

The External Affairs Division falls directly under the purview of the executive branch and consists of two public information officers and an external affairs division chief.

External Affairs: Public Information

One of the most important functions of MEMA is to provide emergency information to Mississippi residents and visitors to the state during times of crisis and disaster.

Disasters are by their nature perilous times when time is of the essence. It is up to the public information officers or PIOs to get out the pertinent information about the emergency in a timely and effective manner.

PIOs must be able to use alternative means to reach certain population and demographic segments of the state who have special needs including the elderly, handicapped, illiterate, non-residents sight or hearing impaired or people who do not speak English. Information released through the news media is only one of the avenues PIOs must pursue during a disaster.

During emergencies, PIOs may be on scene or at MEMA headquarters writing and disseminating news releases, planning news conferences and making sure the media are able to conduct interviews and receive all relevant information about the disaster.

MEMA PIOs coordinate with other state agency PIOs to operate a Joint Information Center during disaster activations. The center is where PIOs from responding and affected government agencies work together to coordinate, develop and disseminate critical messages to the public and the media about the disaster or incident. Phone lines are set up in the JIC to take calls from both the public and the media. It is the central point of all information during emergencies.

During non-emergency times, public information officers produce and develop educational materials such as preparedness guides, informational pamphlets, online materials and public service announcements encouraging Mississippi residents to be prepared and have plans in case of disasters.

PIOs also oversee and manage annual awareness campaigns such as Severe Weather Awareness Week in February, Hurricane Preparedness Week in May and Tornado Awareness Month in November.

MS ALTERNATIVE HOUSING PROGRAM

The Mississippi Alternative Housing Program is a pilot program funded through a \$280 million FEMA grant and administered by MEMA. The purpose of the program is to develop and produce a safer and more comfortable temporary housing unit for use after a disaster. The program was successful in developing a safer alternative to FEMA travel trailers as temporary housing for disaster survivors.

Through the program, Mississippi developed the Mississippi Cottage in one, two and three bedroom model units. The program, which began April 1, 2007, produced 3,075 units. The highest level of occupancy during the program was 2,826 units. The program ends in March 2009.

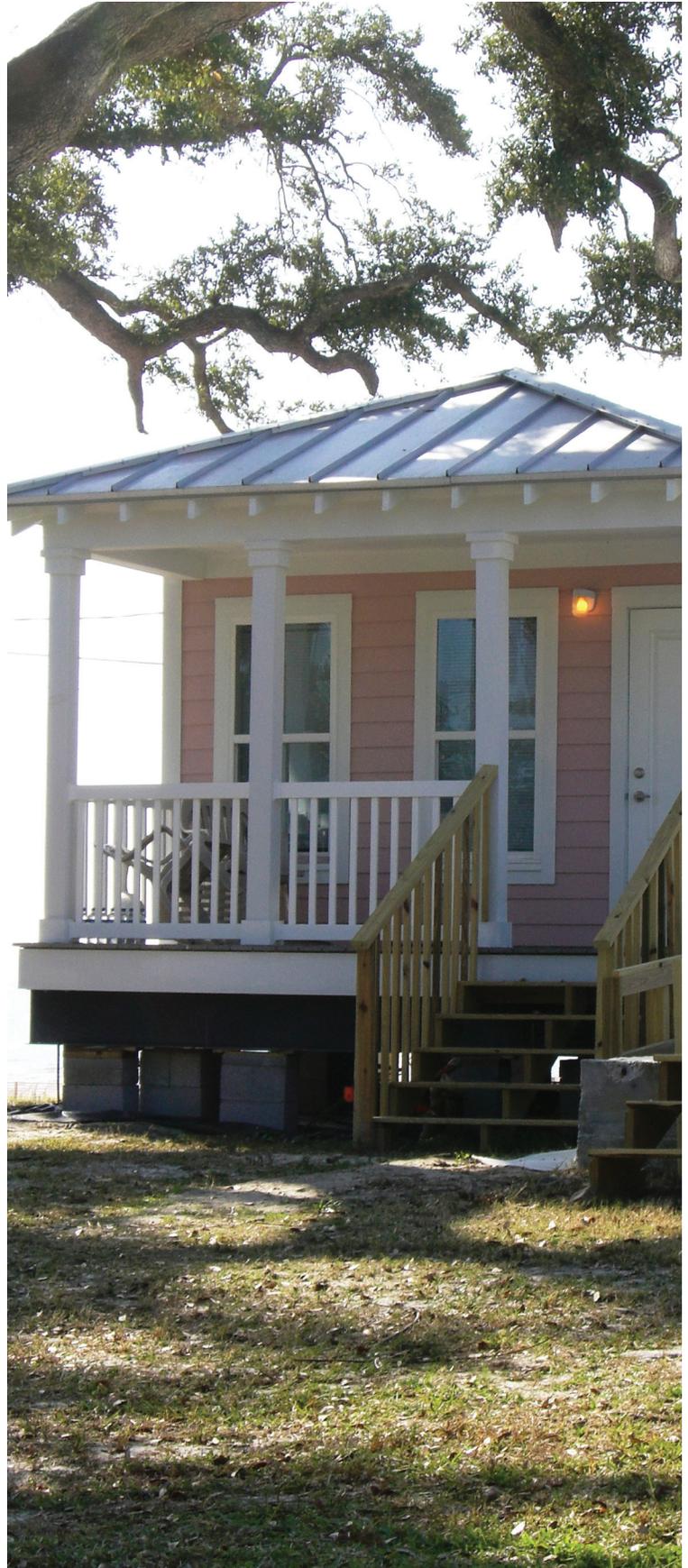
The following were criteria for residents to participate in the program:

- Permanent resident in one of Mississippi's three coastal counties on Aug. 29, 2005.
- Resident of the state of Mississippi.
- Living in a FEMA provided travel trailer or mobile home in one of the three coastal counties as of April 1, 2007.
- Be the listed with FEMA as head of household.
- Live in the alternative housing unit for at least six months beyond Sept. 1, 2007.

Anyone who did not live in FEMA-provided disaster housing at the time was not eligible for the program. Those who did live in such houses did not need to apply because a random, proportional selection was used to determine who could participate in the program.

In 2008 the program was expanded to allow cottage placement in Pearl River, Stone and George counties.

Applicants whose names were selected were notified by telephone or mail and given the opportunity to accept or decline the offer to receive an alternative housing unit.



The applicants who accepted units were asked to evaluate the comfort and safety of the proposed new units. The tenant was responsible for paying all utility costs or any lot rent.

At the close of the program in 2009, units offered for purchase to current cottage residents. Units not purchased by residents will be offered as donations to eligible government agencies and nonprofit entities through MEMA's Nonprofit Donation Program.

Types of units built for the program include:

- 400-square-foot one-bedroom Park Model.
- 728-square-foot two-bedroom unit Mississippi Cottage Model.
- 840-square-foot three-bedroom unit Mississippi Cottage Model.

MAHP Cottage Manufacturers

MANUFACTURER	PLANT LOCATION	UFAS/NON-UFAS	NO. BEDROOMS	NO. UNITS BUILT
CAVALIER	Millen, Georgia	UFAS	2	100
CAVALIER	Winfield, Alabama	Non-UFAS	3	150
CAVALIER	Winfield, Alabama	UFAS	3	100
CAVALIER	Addison, Alabama	Non-UFAS	2	300
DEER VALLEY	Guin, Alabama	Non-UFAS	2	300
DEER VALLEY	Guin, Alabama	Non-UFAS	3	175
LEXINGTON	Lexington, Mississippi	UFAS	2	500
FOREST RIVER	Wakarusa, Indiana	Non-UFAS	1	400
OAK CREEK	Fort Worth, Texas	Non-UFAS	1	200
OAK CREEK	Lancaster, Texas	Non-UFAS	1	300
PATRIOT	Hamilton, Alabama	Non-UFAS	1	300
PATRIOT	Elkhart, Indiana	Non-UFAS	1	250
				3075

THE OFFICE OF MITIGATION

Mitigation is the ongoing effort to lessen the impact disasters have on people's lives and properties through damage prevention and flood insurance.

The Office of Mitigation is responsible for coordinating disaster loss reduction programs, initiatives and policies throughout the state. Disaster loss reduction measures are carried out through the development of state and local hazard mitigation plans and the implementation of strategies identified in those plans.

The Office of Mitigation is comprised of the three bureaus:

- Mitigation Grants Bureau.
- Mitigation Planning Bureau.
- Floodplain Management Bureau.

Mitigation Grants Bureau

The Mitigation Grants Bureau administers hazard mitigation grant programs to state and local governments, qualifying non-profits and tribal organizations. These grant programs play a significant role in helping people and governments rebuild their lives and communities after a disaster in addition to helping prevent future loss of life and property.

The grant programs administered by the Mitigation Grants Bureau include the post-disaster Hazard Mitigation Grant Program, the Flood Mitigation Assistance program, the Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program, and the Severe Repetitive Loss grant program which funds the mitigation of high loss insured properties through the National Flood Insurance Program. All grants provide up to 75 percent of the eligible cost of a project, with the applicant providing the non-federal cost share.

All mitigation grants must be directed toward disaster loss reduction projects that are cost-effective, environmentally sound and provide a permanent or long-term solution. Eligible applicants must have a FEMA/state approved Hazard Mitigation Plan in which hazard risk, vulnerability, community capability and strategies are identified.

State and local mitigation strategies that qualify for funding are:

- Hazard mitigation planning.
- Retrofit of critical facilities.
- Acquisition, elevation, relocation or drainage improvements of repetitive flood loss structures.
- Construction or upgrade of general population shelters.
- Enhancement of development codes and standards.
- Safe rooms and storm shelters.
- Generators for critical facilities.
- Warning systems.



Hazard Mitigation Grants

The state has experienced four federally declared disasters since 2004 in which the state received Hazard Mitigation Grant funding.

Among the types of HMGP projects are elevations, storm drainage improvements, storm shelter construction and improvements, and wind retrofits through which public buildings are made less susceptible to damage from high winds. The program also includes statewide initiatives such as generators for critical facilities, siren alert systems and the tornado safe room program.

After Katrina, two schools in Harrison County received more than \$20 million to build state-of-the-art storm shelters on campus through mitigation grants.

The shelters, which can house 5,000 residents, will provide protection against a tornado, hurricane or other severe weather event. The schools will be constructed to withstand 200 mph wind gusts and debris impact. Other communities are examining Harrison's example to discover new ways to shelter students and local residents.

A total of \$403,815,903 has been awarded to the state under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program for the four federally declared disasters during fiscal years 2005-2008.

Mitigation grants have been awarded to and benefitted all 82 counties in Mississippi either directly or indirectly. More than \$200 million in mitigation grants have been awarded to date. There are currently more than 616 HMGP application requests totaling more than \$260 million.

To date, we have funded 4,754 saferoom grants for more than \$14 million. There are more than 2,000 saferoom grants that have been approved and are in the process of being installed.

Mitigation grants have funded the development of more than 300 local hazard mitigation plans and the State Hazard Mitigation Plan.

MitigationMS.org

MitigationMs.org is the state's new Web-based Hazard Mitigation Grant Program application site. Eligible applicants can access the site, request a username and password, and apply for a hazard mitigation grant. There are also numerous references and aids available to familiarize you with program requirements.

The screenshot shows the MitigationMS.org website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the date "June 15, 2009" on the left and "HMGP Resources | Contact" on the right. Below this is a dark blue header with the site name "MitigationMS.org". The main content area is divided into several sections. On the left, there is a circular logo for the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency (MEMA) with the text "MISSISSIPPI EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY" around the perimeter. To the right of the logo is a paragraph of text: "This site is for the online application and management of Hazard Mitigation grants from FEMA to State and local governments and Indian tribes. The FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) provides a significant opportunity to reduce the Nation's disaster losses through mitigation planning." Below this text is a "Recent News" section with a white box. To the right of the main text is a "Sign in to MitigationMS.org" section. It contains a "Username:" field, a "Password:" field, a "Forgot Your Password" link, a "Remember me" checkbox, and a "Sign In" button. Below the sign-in section is a "Sign up for a MitigationMS.org account" section. It contains a paragraph of text: "If this is your organization's first time setting up an account with the Mitigation program, you must first register for a username and password." and a "Sign Up Now >>" button. At the bottom of the page, there is a footer with "System Requirements" on the left and "MB3 HM Portal v1.0" on the right.

Mitigation Planning Bureau

In order to qualify for mitigation grants, state and local governments are required to develop disaster loss reduction capability through the development and implementation of hazard mitigation plans. The planning bureau and disaster specific hazard mitigation planning teams representing a cross-section of state and regional agencies developed the State Hazard Mitigation Plan, which documents statewide hazard risk and the state's capability to mitigate the risk. The planning bureau and mitigation teams also assist other state agencies, regional authorities and local governments in developing mitigation plans and capability.

Floodplain Management Bureau

As the only regulatory bureau within the agency, the Floodplain Management Bureau manages the FEMA grant called the Community Assistance Program - State Support Services Element. The grant partially funds the state's ability to provide technical assistance to our 293 National Flood Insurance Program communities and the 22 Community Rating System communities.

The Community Rating System program is a voluntary incentive program that recognizes and encourages community floodplain management activities that exceed the minimum NFIP requirements.

The bureau monitors, evaluates, and pursues corrective actions related to floodplain management taken by these communities. All NFIP participating communities are required to regulate development within the Special Flood Hazard Areas identified on their community Flood Insurance Rate Map.

The bureau's staff conducts compliance and technical assistance visits throughout the state, as well as provides floodplain management workshops for various state associations, community floodplain administrators and community governments.



The bureau has partnered with the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality and a contract engineering group to produce digital flood insurance rate maps for the entire state. With these updated maps, which are available in digital and paper format, communities can better identify and regulate development in their Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Floodplain management staff also responds to flood events throughout the state and assists with damage assessments conducted by the local building, zoning, and floodplain administrators. The national Certified Floodplain Manager examination is proctored at least twice a year as a tool to both increase the professionalism and knowledge base within the local floodplain management officials.

THE OFFICE OF SUPPORT SERVICES

The Office of Support Services provides financial and administrative guidance and support to the agency. This office maintains personnel, human resources, budgets, payroll, accounting and finance, grants management, purchasing and property, facilities maintenance and information technology systems.

The agency's budget is comprised of two separate budgets: the General Support Budget and the Disaster Assistance Budget. Each budget, however, contains three funding sources per fund type: state general funds dollars, federal funds and special (other) funds.

The General Support Budget consists of funds acquired through state and special funding sources to include Entergy, Inc., and permit fees paid by radioactive waste shipments. The General Support Budget is comprised of approximately 54 percent state funding and 45 percent federal funding.

The following amounts of the General Support Budget were provided by state funds:

- 2005: \$1,116,505
- 2006: \$1,273,189
- 2007: \$5,341,285
- 2008: \$6,139,368

The Disaster Assistance Recovery Budget consists of funds acquired through state and federal sources and distributed through the public assistance, individual assistance and hazard mitigation programs.

The following amounts of the Disaster Assistance Budget were provided by state funds:

- 2005: \$1,420,485
- 2006: \$1,104,720
- 2007: \$1,145,103
- 2008: \$1,622,953

The following amounts for Radiological Emergency Preparedness and Radioactive Waste Transportation through special funds.

Radiological Emergency Preparedness:

- 2005: \$454,492
- 2006: \$495,774
- 2007: \$617,916
- 2008: \$955,228

Radiological Waste Transportation:

- 2005: \$15,698
- 2006: \$ 9,751
- 2007: \$ 1,500
- 2008: \$34,956

Information Technology Branch

In 2005, MEMA's Information Technology branch prepared the agency for the move to the new headquarters in Pearl by purchasing new, state-of-the-art equipment and technology. MEMA moved into its new facility in the summer of 2006.

The new facility is equipped with several new servers to handle the increased information flow and allow MEMA to pass information at the fastest speed available.

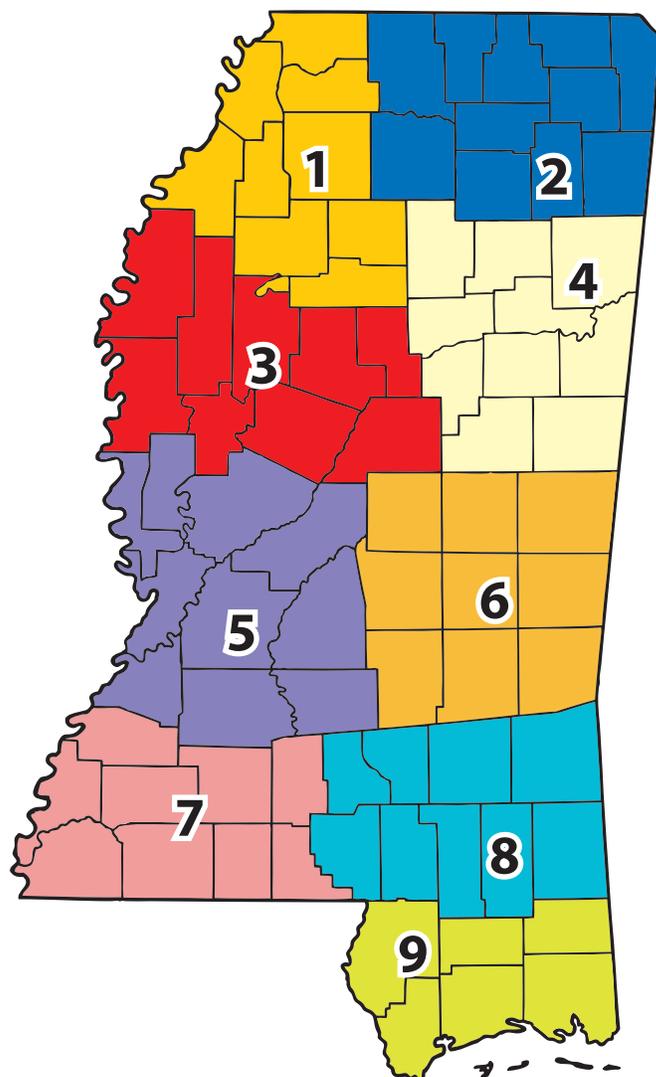
FIELD SERVICES BUREAU

Field Services Bureau is responsible for working with local jurisdictions throughout the state on emergency management activities. Area Coordinators are the state's liaisons to the local jurisdictions for emergency management activities and incidents. The Area Coordinators work in the nine MEMA districts and provide assistance to each of the 82 counties, incorporated cities and towns throughout the state and the Choctaw Nation. The Area Coordinators can deploy and be fully operational anywhere in the state in less than two hours. Their responsibilities include:

- Develop and maintain strong working relationships with all emergency response organizations in local jurisdictions throughout the state.
- Coordinate the deployment of state resources during a disaster.
- Ensure that all county emergency management personnel understand and complete necessary requirements for the EMPG program.
- Work with local governments to conduct initial and preliminary damage assessments.
- Help local jurisdictions and other state agencies conduct emergency training exercises.
- Organize and attend district emergency management meetings throughout the state to assure strong working relationships.

Emergency Management Performance Grant

The purpose of Emergency Management Performance Grant is to support comprehensive all-hazards emergency management programs at the state and local levels. EMPG is the primary federal funding source available to local governments to increase their operational capability for all-hazard emergency management planning.



MEMA uses EMPG funding, combined with state and private funding to offset salaries and fund programs such as natural and man-made hazard training and exercises. EMPG funding is used to support MEMA's Emergency Management Assistance Program, which provides funding to county emergency management programs throughout Mississippi.

MEMA awards EMPG funding to counties based on a population allocation plus a stipend of \$5,000 if the county has a part-time program or \$10,000 for a full-time program. This grant allows several rural counties the ability to support personnel and resources necessary to have an emergency management program.

THE OFFICE OF RESPONSE

The Office of Response is divided into the Operations and Communications sections of MEMA, which jointly operate as the state's 24-hour warning point. The mission of the Office of Response is to monitor all 82 Mississippi counties, the associated municipal jurisdictions within those counties and the Choctaw Nation and coordinate the state response to any event that may threaten life and/or property. This mission is accomplished by rapid notification of emergency management personnel, warning and informing the public, evacuating and sheltering when necessary, assisting with search and rescue efforts, coordinating medical assistance, provisioning as needed, conducting damage assessments and supporting law enforcement. Initial response efforts are focused at the local level and expanded, if needed, to include resource support and assistance from state and federal government.

Operations Bureau

The Operations Bureau is responsible for the support of tactical actions at the incident or disaster site. Operations staff coordinates support for state and local response in an all hazards concept. These responsibilities include alert and notification, activation of the State Emergency Operations Center, coordination of emergency support functions, establishing priorities for allocating resources, maintaining operational control of the State Emergency Response Team, the Mobile Operations Center, the Disaster Reconnaissance Team and the communications/state warning point section. The Operations Bureau also supports damage assessment after an event and assists with the transition to the recovery phase. All of these functions are directed toward the one goal of minimizing the risk and affect on people, property and the environment.

Incident Type	2005	2006	2007	2008
Aircraft Accidents	6	4	60	29
Bomb Threats	15	20	25	39
Earthquakes	0	1	3	3
ELT/SAR	18	40	3	2
Explosions	3	6	0	14
Fires	3	24	19	10
Floods	24	7	42	101
Haz Mat	597	554	645	579
Highway Accidents	6	16	0	3
Radiological	0	6	2	11
Railroad Accidents	42	11	24	30
Severe Weather	34	341	786	322
Sewer Spill	0	0	0	0
Terrorism/Anthrax	30	53	93	5
Weapons	0	0	0	0
Other	27	0	0	0
Total	794	1,083	1,941	1,604

Communications Section

The Communications Section is the designated state warning point, operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The Communications Section is responsible for alerting state and local officials to all natural or man-made incidents throughout the state. These alerts can include but are not limited to: severe thunderstorms, tornadoes, hurricanes, earthquakes, hazardous material incidents, radiological incidents, downed aircrafts, train derailments and other situations as required.

Communications capability includes primary reliance on 65 fixed and vehicle-mounted satellite radios and a computerized paging and e-mail system activated through the communications console. This system is robust enough to allow expansion to virtually all state and local personnel that wish to receive alerts and information. The national Alert and Warning System allows rapid information exchange at the state and federal level. The expanding use of our electronic incident management system, WebEOC, means that both local and state partners have greater access and control during incidents that affect them and their jurisdictions.

The Communications Section is also the collection point for damage reports throughout the state. As jurisdictions assess damage from disasters they submit these reports to MEMA through the Communication Center.

ALVIN REYNOLDS COMMUNICATION CENTER



THE OFFICE OF RECOVERY

The Office of Recovery provides assistance to citizens, local governments, certain private non-profit entities, state agencies and businesses after disasters strike.

The Office of Recovery administers both the Individual and Public Assistance Disaster Programs as authorized by the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, the statute that governs federal disaster assistance.

The Stafford Act authorizes the president to provide assistance to eligible individuals and to state and local governments and certain private non-profit organizations to help them respond to and recover from a major disaster or emergency when requested by the governor.

MississippiPA.org

MississippiPA.org is the state's new Web-based Public Assistance Program application and management site. Eligible applicants including local and tribal governments and certain private non-profit organizations can access the site, request a username and password and apply for public assistance projects. Public Assistance is a federal grant program to aid state and local governments in returning a disaster area to pre-disaster conditions. A minimum of 75 percent of eligible costs is provided to primarily address the repair and restoration of public facilities, infrastructure or services which have been damaged or destroyed.

The screenshot shows the MississippiPA.org website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Home, Current Disasters, PA Info, Resources, MEMA Forms, and Contacts. The main content area features a large red graphic with the text "MississippiPA.org Mississippi Public Assistance Portal". To the right of this graphic is an "Account Sign-In" form with fields for Username and Password, and buttons for "SIGN IN" and "Register". Below the sign-in form is a "NEWS HEADLINES" section with several entries, including "Aug 29, 2008 MississippiPA.org Upgraded" and "Jun 27, 2008 Hurricane Katrina 2008:Q3 Quarterly Report Due".

Public Assistance Bureau

During a Presidential Disaster Declaration, Public Assistance programs provide federal reimbursement grants to local and state governments, as well as certain private non-profit organizations and other political entities, for the repair, replacement or restoration of disaster-damaged, publicly owned facilities.

The federal share of assistance is not less than 75 percent of the eligible cost for emergency measures and permanent restoration. However, for Hurricane Katrina, all eligible costs were covered 100 percent by the federal government.

There are two types of work eligible for reimbursement through a Public Assistance grant: emergency work and permanent work. Each of these work types are further divided into categories based on the action being performed for emergency work, or the type of facility repaired for permanent work. The categories of work are often identified by a single letter. The categories are:

Emergency Work

- Category A: Debris Removal.
- Category B: Emergency Protective Measures.

Permanent Work

- Category C: Road Systems and Bridges.
- Category D: Water Control Facilities.
- Category E: Buildings, Contents and Equipment.
- Category F: Utilities.
- Category G: Parks, Recreational and Other.

Disaster recovery operations are ongoing in the following disasters:

- FEMA-3132-EM-MS: Declared Sept. 28, 1998, for the emergency phase of Hurricane Georges.
- FEMA-1251-DR-MS: Declared Oct. 1, 1998, a major disaster was approved as a result of damages received from Hurricane Georges.
- FEMA-1265-DR-MS: Declared Jan. 25, 1999, for counties impacted by a winter/ice storm during December 23-26, 1998.
- FEMA-1360-DR-MS: Declared Feb. 23, 2001, as a result of severe storms and tornadoes.
- FEMA-1365-DR-MS: Declared April 17, 2001, as a result of severe storms and flooding.
- FEMA-1382-DR-MS: Declared June 21, 2001, for five southern counties as a result of Tropical Storm Allison.
- FEMA-1398-DR-MS: Declared Dec. 7, 2001, as a result of severe storms and flooding.
- FEMA-1436-DR-MS: Declared Oct. 1, 2002, as a result of Tropical Storm Isidore and Hurricane Lili.
- FEMA-1443-DR-MS: Declared Nov. 14, 2002, as a result of severe storms and tornadoes that hit in the Columbus area.
- FEMA-1459-DR-MS: Declared April 24, 2003, as a result of severe storms, tornadoes and flooding.
- FEMA-1470-DR-MS: Declared May 23, 2003, as a result of severe storms, tornadoes and high winds.
- FEMA-1550-DR-MS: Declared Sept. 15, 2004 for Hurricane Ivan.
- FEMA-1594-DR-MS: Declared July 10, 2005 for Hurricane Dennis.
- FEMA-1604-DR-MS: Declared Aug. 28, 2005 for Hurricane Katrina.
- FEMA-1753-DR-MS: Declared May 8, 2008 for severe storms and flooding.
- FEMA-1764-DR-MS: Declared May 28, 2008 for severe storms and tornadoes.
- FEMA-3291-DR-MS: Declared Aug. 30, 2008 for Hurricane Gustav.
- FEMA-1794-DR-MS: Declared Sept. 22, 2008 for Hurricane Gustav.

Hurricane Katrina

After Hurricane Katrina Mississippi developed an innovative system to track and administer the nearly \$3 billion received through FEMA's Public Assistance recovery program. Mississippi has since been touted by a March 2009 U.S. Government Accountability Office report as an example of model strategies that other state, federal and local officials should consider in case of future disasters.

Specifically, Mississippi used Public Assistance funding to develop online accounting systems that made it easier for applicants and officials to track projects from beginning to closeout. Two-Web-based payment and document management software programs were developed to manage the Public Assistance funding Mississippi received. The systems, MississippiPA.org and the Enterprise Content Management System, effectively allow all participants to track every

phase of a project from FEMA obligation of funds through the final payment process.

The systems also give FEMA and the state immediate access to key documents and a tracking system that makes the multistage application process more organized and manageable for all involved.

Mississippi is working with 911 applicants through the PA program and is administering almost 11,000 projects. The federal government has obligated \$2.9 billion for these projects, of which the state has disbursed almost \$1.7 billion.

FY '05 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY					
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Eligible Applicants	Number of Applicants Officially Closed	Federal Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	State Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	Total Funds Disbursed Through 06/30/08
FEMA-1251	109	101	\$(478,382)	\$36,254	\$26,576,361
FEMA-1265	102	102			\$7,461,838
FEMA-1360	98	92	\$135,548	\$82,954	\$20,950,579
FEMA-1365	19	16	\$180	\$14,096	\$2,425,488
FEMA-1382	27	25			\$1,957,588
FEMA-1398	74	55	\$187,528	\$53,175	\$3,475,385
FEMA-1436	49	30	\$2,186,688	\$596,004	\$5,858,409
FEMA-1443	20	11	\$2,801,002	\$526,223	\$7,410,131
FEMA-1459	58	35	\$375,695	\$169,307	\$5,710,057
FEMA-1550	155	43	\$6,144,011	\$896,585	\$7,040,595
FEMA-3132	98	98		N/A	\$5,214,969
Totals	1048	847	\$11,352,269	\$2,374,598	\$161,192,525

FY '06 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY					
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Eligible Applicants	Number of Applicants Officially Closed	Federal Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	State Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	Total Funds Disbursed Through 06/30/08
FEMA-1251	109	103			\$26,540,107
FEMA-1265	102	102			\$7,461,838
FEMA-1360	98	94	\$38,603	\$93,641	\$21,000,536
FEMA-1365	19	16		\$84,497	\$2,422,518
FEMA-1382	27	25			\$1,957,588
FEMA-1398	74	60	\$353,858	\$20,015	\$3,867,264
FEMA-1436	49	34	\$565,148	\$37,450	\$6,236,678
FEMA-1443	20	13	\$7,107,301		\$14,030,639
FEMA-1459	58	43	\$19,865	\$27,451	\$5,677,203
FEMA-1550	155	84	\$4,278,260	\$75,787	\$11,053,433
FEMA-1594	91	36	\$1,477,255	\$175,556	\$1,652,811
FEMA-1604	893	0	\$629,884,060	N/A	\$629,884,060
FEMA-3132	98	98		N/A	\$5,214,969
Totals	2032	947	\$643,724,348	\$514,397	\$804,110,769

FY '07 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY					
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Eligible Applicants	Number of Applicants Officially Closed	Federal Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	State Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	Total Funds Disbursed Through 06/30/08
FEMA-1251	109	104	\$526,765	\$85,352	\$27,152,224
FEMA-1265	102	102			\$7,461,838
FEMA-1360	98	94			\$20,961,933
FEMA-1365	19	18	\$(29,256)	\$89,960	\$25,620,556
FEMA-1382	27	25			\$1,957,588
FEMA-1398	74	63	\$388,735	\$98,837	\$4,354,836
FEMA-1436	49	39	\$375,301	\$64,908	\$6,676,887
FEMA-1443	20	14	\$3,912,480	\$653,581	\$18,596,700
FEMA-1459	58	41	\$110,830	\$457,035	\$6,219,944
FEMA-1550	155	122	\$230,772	\$236,643	\$11,446,107
FEMA-1594	91	85	\$78,417	\$1,218	\$1,571,380
FEMA-1604	893	0	\$539,859,110	N/A	\$1,169,743,170
FEMA-3132	98	98		N/A	\$5,214,969
Totals	2032	1044	\$545,453,154	\$1,687,533	\$1,374,089,257

FY '08 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND SUMMARY					
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Eligible Applicants	Number of Applicants Officially Closed	Federal Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	State Share Funds Disbursed During FY '08	Total Funds Disbursed Through 06/30/08
FEMA-1251	109	104			\$27,152,224
FEMA-1265	102	102			\$7,461,838
FEMA-1360	98	96		\$35,741	\$20,997,674
FEMA-1365	19	18			\$25,620,556
FEMA-1382	27	25			\$1,957,588
FEMA-1398	74	65	\$22,266	\$63,904	\$4,441,006
FEMA-1436	49	42		\$14,126	\$6,691,014
FEMA-1443	20	15		\$74,702	\$18,671,402
FEMA-1459	58	50		\$55,930	\$6,275,874
FEMA-1550	155	132	\$16,058	\$139,227	\$11,601,392
FEMA-1594	91	88	\$115,137	\$(13,570)	\$1,672,947
FEMA-1604	893	2	\$511,883,096	N/A	\$1,169,743,170
FEMA-1764	5	0			
FEMA-3132	98	98		N/A	\$5,214,969
Totals	2037	1076	\$512,036,557	\$370,060	\$1,374,612,779

Individual Assistance Bureau

The Individual Assistance Program provides funds to individuals and families impacted by disasters. IA staff help homeowners and renters with housing needs and other necessary assistance under a Presidential Disaster Declaration. Individual Assistance also is responsible for administering the State Temporary Housing Program. The temporary housing program provides rental reimbursement for up to three months for families who are displaced from their homes for more than 72 hours due to a state declared disaster that is not large enough to qualify for federal disaster aid.

The amount of funds distributed through this program is shown in the State Temporary Housing Program summary chart.

FY'05 State Temporary Housing Program Summary					
State Declared Disaster	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'06
August 25, 2004 - Severe weather & flooding in Tishomingo & Panola Counties	2	2	0	0	\$1,556.00
September 13-30, 2004 - Hurricane Ivan	49	8	41	0	\$4,003.00
November 23, 2004 - Severe weather in Jasper, Leake, Simpson, Smith, Washington and Winston counties and the city of Gulfport	17	13	4	0	\$6,774.00
March 26, 2005 - Severe weather system and tornadoes in Yazoo County	5	4	1	0	\$3,047.00
March 31-April 6, 2005 - Severe weather system in Clarke, Covington, Forrest, Geroge, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson Davis, Jones & Lamar counties	64	34	18	0	\$21,816.00
FY'05 Total	137	61	64	0	\$37,196.00

FY'06 State Temporary Housing Program Summary					
State Declared Disaster	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'06
July 15, 2005 Event - Flooding in DeSoto County	26	25	0	1	\$26,867.00
August 29, 2005 - Katrina damage in West Point	1	0	1	0	\$0.00
March 9, 2006 Event - Severe weather in Panola, Sunflower & Tallahatchie counties	4	4	0	0	\$1,089.00
FY'06 Total	31	29	1	1	\$27,956.00

FY'07 State Temporary Housing Program Summary					
State Declared Disaster	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'07
November 15, 2006 - Tornado in Sumrall	2	1		1	\$475.00
January 5, 2007 - Severe weather and tornados in Kemper County	7	3	2	2	\$3,314.00
June 15, 2007 - Flooding in Tallahatchie County	13	10	1	0	\$4,996.00
FY'07 Total	22	14	3	3	\$8,785.00

FY'08 State Temporary Housing Program Summary					
State Declared Disaster	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'08
January 10, 2008 - Tornados in Lowndes, Holmes and Attala Counties	45	35	2	8	\$36,025.39
February 5, 2008 - -Tornados - Desoto, Lafayette and Alcorn Counties	23	11	1	8	\$10,287.00
April 4, 2008 - Tornados in Hinds, Lauderdale, Leake, Madison, Newton, Rankin, Scott, Tippah and Warren Counties	124	25	16	83	\$12,773.60
May 2, 2008 - Tornados in Union & Prentiss Counties	4	2	0	2	\$1,121.00
May 28, 2008 - Flooding in Yazoo County	16	1	11	4	\$550.00
April 9, 2008 - River flooding in Claiborne County	4	3	0	1	\$1,175.00
July 29, 2008 - Flooding in Hattiesburg & Petal	7	6	0	1	\$1,135.00
FY'08 Total	223	83	30	107	\$63,066.99
Grand Total	413	187	98	111	\$137,003.99

FY'05 Individual Assistance IHP Fund Summary						
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Pending	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'05
FEMA-1550	4,898	1,798	2,894	0	206	\$2,313,690.12

FY'06 Individual Assistance IHP Fund Summary						
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Pending	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'06
FEMA- 1604	534,853	132,022	118,266	1879	43,700	\$365,770,952.56

FY'07 Individual Assistance IHP Fund Summary						
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Pending	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'07
FEMA-1604	12,182	1,254	477	196	291	\$12,858,718.89

FY'08 Individual Assistance IHP Fund Summary						
FEMA Disaster Declaration Number	Total Number of Applications Received	Total Number of Applications Approved	Total Number of Applications Denied	Total Number of Applications Pending	Total Number of Applications Withdrawn	Total Amount Approved & Disbursed in FY'08
FEMA-1753	663	250	154	1	21	\$1,563,490.52
FEMA-1764	987	161	444	1	46	\$492,092.15
FEMA-1794	7,956	1,825	3683	561	315	\$5,868,554.26
Grand Total	561,539	137,310	125,918	2,638	44,579	\$388,867,498.50

THE OFFICE OF PREPAREDNESS

The Office of Preparedness is responsible for providing preparedness plans and protective and training measures prior to an incident or disaster. Following Hurricane Katrina, the Office of Preparedness was organized to include three bureaus:

- Exercise Bureau.
- Plans Bureau.
- Training Bureau.

Exercise Bureau

The Exercise Bureau helps communities with emergency management exercises. This includes offering exercise design and evaluation courses, setting up local exercise teams, assisting with scenario development, and evaluating or acting as a controller/simulator during an exercise. Counties that receive matching federal funds are required to exercise their emergency plans at least once a year. These exercises are activities that simulate emergency management operations for specifically stated purposes. During a four-year period, local jurisdictions that receive matching federal funds are required to conduct three functional exercises and one full-scale exercise.

MEMA has conducted two full-scale hurricane exercises in the past two years. These exercises are designed to test current response capabilities and identify any weaknesses or areas where response can be changed or improved.

The Hurricane Zora exercise in 2007 was modeled after both 1995's Hurricane Opal that struck the Florida panhandle and Hurricane Katrina. The scenario incorporated an evacuation of both the Mississippi Gulf Coast and New Orleans area.

The Hurricane Ulysses exercise in 2008 focused on the needs post-landfall of a large hurricane. The exercise included state, federal agencies, and local governments and focused on sheltering needs and communications capabilities within the six lower counties.

In fiscal 2008 alone, the exercise bureau conducted 27 exercises. Exercises were done at the county-level in the following counties: Chickasaw, Copiah, DeSoto, Forrest, George, Hancock, Harrison, Holmes, Humphreys, Issaquena, Jackson, Jones, Lamar, Leake, Marion, Noxubee, Pearl River, Pike, Scott, Sharkey, Simpson, Stone, Tate, and Wayne.

More than 3,700 emergency personnel and citizens participated in these exercises. Members of the training section, along with other members of the agency and other state agencies participated in the federally graded Grand Gulf Nuclear Station Exercise in March 2005, as facilitators, controllers, and players.

Many of the exercise credits given in fiscal years 2005 and 2006 reflect actual local response and recovery efforts following Hurricane Katrina. In 2005, were given exercise credits to 49 counties for their response to Katrina-related incidents. In 2006, received those same counties exercise credits for their continued Katrina-related recovery efforts.

PHOTO OF COUNTY TRAINING EXERCISE



Plans Bureau

The Plans Bureau is responsible for providing emergency planning assistance to state agencies and local governments, as well as regional and national emergency planning initiatives.

The bureau maintains and prepares any necessary changes to the state of Mississippi's Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan. The bureau also manages all program requirements for the Hazardous Materials Program, Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, Radiological Emergency Preparedness Program, Hurricane Program, Earthquake Program and the Homeland Security Equipment Reuse Program.

Training Bureau

The Training Bureau offers a wide range of emergency management and first responder training for all levels of government, private industry and volunteer organizations. Courses are offered statewide in the following categories:

- Emergency Planning.
- Basic Emergency Management, Mitigation and Preparedness.
- Incident Command.
- Response and Recovery.
- Radiological.
- Community Emergency Response Teams.
- Hazardous materials incident response.

There were 9,367 participants in 429 classes and workshops offered by or funded by MEMA during fiscal years 2005-2008. These activities were conducted with funds from the Disaster Assistance Fund, Permit Funds, Emergency Management Preparedness Grant, Hazardous Materials Emergency Planning Grant, Domestic Preparedness Planning Grant, Radiological Emergency Preparedness, and collaboration with the MS Department of Health, the MS Department of Public Safety/MS Office of Homeland Security, and Mississippi State University. Total funds from these areas used for training purposes over the three years were \$746,524.80.

MS-AL Hurricane Conference

Emergency managers from throughout Mississippi and Alabama annually assemble for a joint conference focused on hurricane response and preparedness.

Louisiana will join the conference for the first time in 2009, making it the first ever Gulf States Hurricane Conference.

The conference location alternates between Mississippi and Alabama every year. Attendees listen to speakers and attend breakout sessions about a broad range of topics including general emergency management, hurricane disasters, lessons learned and Incident Command System.

The first conference was in 2006 in Mobile, with 30 MEMA employees attending. In 2007, 60 MEMA staff attended the conference in Biloxi. The 2008 conference was held again in Mobile with 26 MEMA employees attending.

Emergency Management Institute

Every year Mississippi Emergency Management Agency personnel continue their education and improve the skills in the evolving field of emergency management by attending courses at the Emergency Management Institute in Emmitsburg, Md. The institute improves the abilities of officials at all levels of government to prevent, prepare for, respond to, recover from and mitigate the potential effects of disasters and emergencies. EMI offers more than 400 courses in emergency management.

From fiscal 2005 to 2008, 46 MEMA personnel attended training at Emmitsburg.

LOGISTICS BUREAU

During the agency's reorganization following Hurricane Katrina, both the State Personnel Board and the Legislature approved for MEMA to hire a full-time logistics chief.

The Logistics Bureau maintains commodities and equipment to be used in response to disasters and works with local officials on distribution plans.

In addition to stockpiles of commodities and equipment stored in inventory, the bureau maintains vendor relationships that can be used to acquire additional commodities and equipment during emergencies if required.

The Logistics Bureau works with Department of Finance and Administration to ensure an up to date list of vendors is available for procurement of resources during a disaster response. The vendors provide water, ice, meals, portable toilets, base camps, forklifts and multiple other items. The Logistics Bureau coordinates with county emergency management agencies to identify Point of Distribution sites and county staging areas that will receive emergency supplies and equipment in the event of a disaster.

The Bureau has disaster pre-contracts with multiple vendors for base camps, ice, generators and additional commodities.



APPENDIX A:

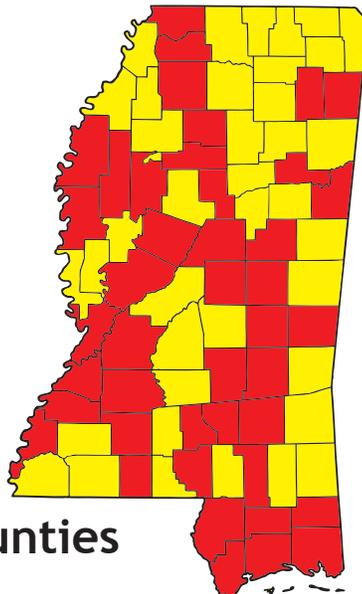
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANT FUNDING FOR FISCAL YEARS 2005 - 2008

County	2005 EMPG ALLOCATION	2006 EMPG ALLOCATION	2007 EMPG ALLOCATION	2008 EMPG ALLOCATION
ADAMS	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	\$20,845.47	\$28,658.15
ALCORN		\$19,850.20	\$21,239.08	\$29,326.08
AMITE		\$8,877.07	\$9,432.74	\$12,760.84
ATTALA	\$10,128.00	\$10,605.35	\$11,395.70	\$6,107.14
BENTON	\$7,074.00	\$7,288.21	\$7,610.85	\$9,684.46
BOLIVAR	\$20,599.00	\$21,584.46	\$23,217.87	\$32,683.98
CALHOUN	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$13,483.90
CARROLL		\$8,070.24	\$8,503.14	\$11,198.63
CHICKASAW	\$14,989.00	\$15,542.34	\$16,323.81	\$20,985.15
CHOCTAW	\$12,504.00	\$12,782.00	\$13,174.26	\$15,640.55
CHOCTAW NATION				\$15,663.73
CLAIBORNE	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$16,784.87
CLARKE	\$9,683.00	\$10,118.97	\$10,840.74	\$15,165.41
CLAY	\$15,733.00	\$16,266.21	\$17,149.75	\$22,386.71
COAHOMA	\$17,987.00	\$18,741.73	\$19,974.31	\$27,657.77
COPIAH	\$17,501.00	\$18,198.62	\$19,354.63	\$26,128.26
COVINGTON	\$15,062.00	\$15,532.93	\$16,313.07	\$20,966.93
DESOTO	\$37,962.00	\$40,562.43	\$44,871.73	\$69,429.34
FORREST	\$28,938.00	\$30,699.40	\$33,618.02	\$50,332.42
FRANKLIN	\$7,168.00	\$7,408.52	\$7,748.12	\$10,417.41
GEORGE	\$14,994.00	\$15,547.95	\$16,330.21	\$21,332.26
GREENE	\$13,478.69	\$8,791.54	\$14,326.15	\$17,595.23
GRENADA	\$17,000.00	\$17,000.00	\$17,567.43	\$23,095.50
HANCOCK/BAY WAVELAND	\$21,207.00	\$22,249.89	\$23,977.12	\$33,972.38
HARRISON	\$59,455.00	\$64,055.24	\$71,677.03	\$114,916.40
HINDS	\$75,419.00	\$81,503.08	\$91,595.01	\$148,699.11
HOLMES	\$15,637.00	\$16,160.72	\$16,983.74	\$22,182.47
HUMPHREYS		\$13,194.83	\$13,645.30	\$16,439.86
ISSAQUENA	\$5,584.00	\$5,573.90	\$5,654.82	\$6,365.20
ITAWAMBA	\$15,939.00	\$16,491.72	\$17,407.05	\$22,823.35
JACKSON	\$44,280.00	\$47,467.84	\$52,750.81	\$82,799.67
JASPER	\$14,734.00	\$15,174.27	\$15,903.84	\$20,772.50
JEFFERSON	\$7,541.00	\$7,776.87	\$8,168.41	\$10,630.61
JONES	\$26,944.00	\$28,519.52	\$31,130.77	\$32,590.01
KEMPER	\$7,683.00	\$7,980.15	\$8,400.35	\$46,111.72
LAFAYETTE	\$15,106.00	\$16,045.91	\$22,603.38	\$11,024.20
LAMAR	\$20,191.00	\$21,138.85	\$22,709.43	\$31,641.23
LAUDERDALE	\$30,387.00	\$32,283.70	\$35,425.70	\$32,321.18
LAWRENCE	\$8,403.00	\$8,779.85	\$9,312.81	\$53,399.96
LEAKE	\$15,462.00	\$15,969.99	\$16,811.76	\$12,572.60
LEE	\$29,760.00	\$31,597.75	\$34,643.03	\$21,813.17
LEFLORE	\$19,898.00	\$20,818.68	\$22,344.11	\$52,071.82
LINCOLN	\$18,651.00	\$19,455.62	\$20,788.86	\$31,201.27
LOWNDES	\$26,064.00	\$27,558.16	\$30,033.86	\$28,562.09
MADISON	\$29,478.00	\$31,289.55	\$34,291.38	\$44,250.33
MARION-JEFF DAVIS	\$20,221.00	\$21,277.70	\$22,867.86	\$51,475.09
MARSHALL	\$19,128.00	\$19,976.50	\$21,383.19	\$29,570.62
MONROE	\$19,822.00	\$20,837.79	\$22,365.92	\$31,238.26
MONTGOMERY	\$10,000.00	\$13,475.08	\$8,965.07	\$11,982.49
NESHOBA	\$17,482.00	\$18,177.80	\$19,330.87	\$26,087.96
NEWTON	\$15,696.00	\$16,226.01	\$17,103.88	\$22,308.88

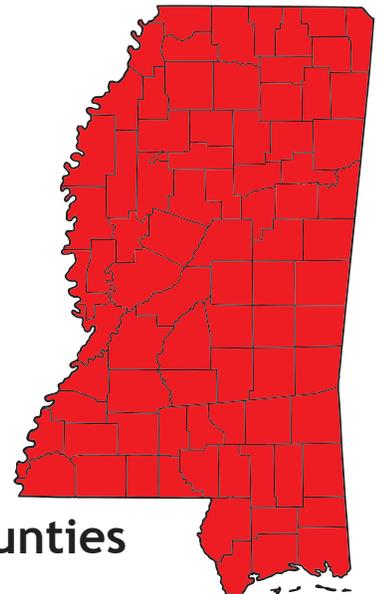
County	2005 EMPG ALLOCATION	2006 EMPG ALLOCATION	2007 EMPG ALLOCATION	2008 EMPG ALLOCATION
NOXUBEE	\$13,273.00	\$13,577.43	\$14,081.85	\$17,180.67
OKTIBBEHA	\$21,191.00	\$22,231.36	\$23,955.98	\$33,936.50
PANOLA	\$18,940.00	\$19,771.51	\$21,149.29	\$29,673.72
PEARL RIVER	\$22,682.00	\$23,861.84	\$25,816.36	\$37,093.47
PERRY	\$8,166.00	\$8,460.54	\$8,948.48	\$11,954.34
PIKE	\$20,157.00	\$21,101.79	\$22,667.14	\$31,749.42
PONTOTOC	\$11,971.00	\$12,619.58	\$13,693.94	\$20,007.12
PRENTISS	\$11,558.00	\$12,286.01	\$13,313.34	\$19,361.26
QUITMAN	\$7,596.00	\$7,884.35	\$8,291.04	\$10,838.72
RANKIN	\$40,081.00	\$42,879.72	\$47,515.76	\$73,916.11
SCOTT	\$17,344.00	\$18,103.39	\$19,245.97	\$26,193.89
SHARKEY	\$6,688.00	\$6,875.95	\$7,140.46	\$8,886.25
SIMPSON	\$12,092.00	\$12,879.87	\$18,990.93	\$25,511.11
SMITH	\$14,221.00	\$14,613.48	\$15,263.98	\$19,186.69
STONE	\$13,553.00	\$13,883.63	\$14,431.22	\$17,773.53
SUNFLOWER	\$18,965.00	\$19,798.60	\$21,180.20	\$29,226.16
TALLAHATCHIE	\$8,887.00	\$9,248.84	\$9,847.93	\$18,980.66
TATE	\$16,618.00	\$17,232.98	\$18,252.83	\$24,258.59
TIPPAH	\$15,432.00	\$15,937.49	\$16,774.68	\$21,750.24
TISHOMINGO	\$14,917.00	\$15,463.37	\$11,233.71	\$15,832.24
TUNICA	\$12,407.00	\$12,630.60	\$13,001.51	\$15,347.43
UNION	\$11,508.00	\$12,230.70	\$13,250.23	\$19,254.17
WALTHALL	\$8,916.00	\$9,320.97	\$14,930.23	\$18,620.32
WARREN	\$22,949.00	\$24,153.50	\$26,149.14	\$37,658.18
WASHINGTON	\$26,427.00	\$27,954.74	\$30,486.36	\$45,018.18
WAYNE	\$10,445.00	\$11,048.68	\$11,901.54	\$16,965.52
WEBSTER	\$7,689.78	\$7,934.81	\$8,348.62	\$10,936.43
WILKINSON	\$7,690.00	\$7,939.95	\$8,354.48	\$10,946.36
WINSTON	\$15,259.00	\$15,747.61	\$16,558.02	\$21,382.60
YALOBUSHA	\$13,404.00	\$13,720.84	\$14,245.48	\$17,458.33
YAZOO	\$17,342.00	\$18,025.27	\$19,156.83	\$25,792.64
TOTAL LOCAL ALLOCATION	\$1,384,341.47	\$1,498,944.54	\$1,621,289.97	\$2,300,000.00
SUPPLEMENTAL ALLOCATION			\$ 667,978.00	
GRANT AMOUNT	\$2,322,271.00	\$2,373,398.00	\$2,591,753.00	\$3,852,279.00

Emergency Management Programs

**2000:
43 Counties**



**2008:
82 Counties**



APPENDIX B:

VEHICLE BUDGETS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2005 - 2008

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2005						
Number of Vehicles On-Hand Beginning FY-05: 26						
Number of Vehicles Purchased Out of Appropriated Funds: 0						
Number of Vehicles Sold in FY-05: 2						
Cost of Vehicles Sold or Sent to Surplus: 1-\$18,054.00 1-Donated \$0.00						
Cost of Vehicles at the Beginning of FY-05: \$527,656.44						
Cost of Vehicles On Hand at the Close of FY-05: \$961,260.47						
Operational Cost MEMA Vehicles for FY-05: \$62,155.42						
Number of Miles Commuted in MEMA Vehicles For FY-05: 584,233						
Overall Average Cost Per Mile for FY-05: \$.11						
Cumulative Operational Cost of MEMA Vehicles: \$199,822.42						
Cumulative Number of Miles Driven: 2,050,833						
Overall Cumulative Average Cost Per Mile: .10						
Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation
1995	\$15,860.00	Ford	E-150 CLUB WAGON	66,290	1,103	\$88.24
1995	\$14,427.00	Ford	AEROSTAR	94,939	682	\$82.25
1995	\$16,207.00	Ford	CROWN VICTORIA	117,221	21,201	\$1,406.94
1996	\$18,054.00	Ford	CROWN VICTORIA	89,369	7,447	\$575.11
1998	\$20,791.00	GMC	1-TON FULL SIZE VAN	84601	18,324	\$1,465.99
1998	\$16,974.00	Ford	FORD VAN/ WINDSTAR	100,793	7795	\$3,194.23
1999	\$26,200.00	GMC	SUBURBAN	102,366	24,571	\$2,429.64
2006	\$26,200.22	GMC	SUBURBAN	83,473	20,247	\$2,429.64
2001	\$17,175.00	Dodge	CARAVAN	107,516	44,171	\$3,975.39
2000	\$17,175.00	Dodge	DODGE CARAVAN	133,757	49452	\$4,450.68
2006	\$17,175.00	Dodge	DODGE CARAVAN	103,899	25065	\$2,255.85
2000	\$27,012.00	Ford	FORD EXCURSION	81,451	19,050	\$2,095.55
2000	\$27,012.00	Ford	FORD EXCURSION	74,017	20,497	\$2,049.70
1994	\$14,900.00	GMC	C1500 MID SIZE TRUCK`	104,689	46,588	\$3,727.04
2001	\$19,594.00	Ford	CROWN VICTORIA	98,182	35,597	\$2,847.76
2001	\$19,594.50	Ford	CROWN VICTORIA	51,346	28,491	\$1,994.38
2003	\$21,398.00	Dodge	DODGE DURANGO	78,578	33,367	\$2,669.36
2003	\$21,398.00	Dodge	DODGE DURANGO	86,747	49,494	\$4,454.46
2004	\$21,608.00	Jeep	GRAND CHEROKEE	42,402	36,488	\$3,283.92
2004	\$21,608.00	Jeep	JEEP GRAND CHEROKEE	25,805	19,891	\$1,591.28
2004	\$16,171.00	Dodge	DODGE RAM 1500	27,264	27,084	\$2,430.56
2004	\$16,171.00	Dodge	DODGE RAM 1500	31,212	31,028	\$2,792.52
2004	\$485,675.75	FRHT	MOBILE OPERATIONS CTR	5,768	986	\$8,075.34
2005	\$21,440.00	Jeep	GRAND CHEROKEE	31,675	8,409	\$924.99
2005	\$21,440.00	Jeep	JEEP GRAND CHEROKEE	24,002	7,205	\$864.60

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2006

Number of Vehicles On-Hand Beginning FY-06: 67
Number of Vehicles Purchased Out of Appropriated Funds: 0
Number of Vehicles Sold in FY-06: 6
Cost of Vehicles Sold or Sent to Surplus: \$81956.00
Cost of Vehicles at the Beginning of FY-06: \$982,707.19
Cost of Vehicles On Hand at the Close of FY-06: \$2,114,944.47
Operational Cost MEMA Vehicles for FY-06: \$95,323.92
Number of Miles Commuted in MEMA Vehicles For FY-06: 977,595
Overall Average Cost Per Mile for FY-06: \$.10
Cumulative Operational Cost of MEMA Vehicles: \$295,146.24
Cumulative Number of Miles Driven: 3,028,428
Overall Cumulative Average Cost Per Mile: \$.11

Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation
1995	\$15,860.00	Ford	E-150 Club Wagon	67,392	8,769	\$349.50
1995	\$14,427.00	Ford	Aerostar	95,621	8,167	\$417.53
1995	\$16,207.00	Ford	Crown Victoria	137,422	30,092	\$703.47
1998	\$20,791.00	GMC	1-Ton Full Size Van	84601	15,476	\$1,585.86
1998	\$16,974.00	Ford	Van Windstar	100,793	902	\$1,974.18
1999	\$26,200.00	GMC	Suburban	102,546	9,190	\$2,012.37
2006	\$26,200.22	GMC	Suburban	83,437	8,121	\$2,211.13
2001	\$17,175.00	Dodge	Caravan	107,516	26,559	\$1,859.16
2000	\$17,175.00	Dodge	Van	133,757	50320	\$2,211.33
2006	\$17,175.00	Dodge	Caravan	103,899	3801	\$2,451.51
2000	\$27,012.00	Ford	Excursion	81,451	4,816	\$2,327.03
2000	\$27,012.00	Ford	Excursion	74,017	11,631	\$1,448.06
1994	\$14,900.00	GMC	C1500 Mid Size Truck	104,689	33,023	\$378.67
2001	\$19,594.00	Ford	Crown Victoria	98,182	74,393	\$3,111.68
2001	\$19,594.50	Ford	Crown Victoria	51,346	1,198	\$1,747.48
2003	\$21,398.00	Dodge	Durango	78,578	9,285	\$3,953.68
2003	\$21,398.00	Dodge	Durango	86,747	16,526	\$3,715.42
2004	\$21,608.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	42,402	12,320	\$1,439.94
2004	\$21,608.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	25,805	18,517	\$6,042.01
2004	\$16,171.00	Dodge	Ram 1500	27,264	6,952	\$3,429.72
2004	\$16,171.00	Dodge	Ram 1500	31,212	12,274	\$3,897.00
2004	\$485,675.75	FRHT	Mobile Operation CTR	6,310	543	\$5,383.02
2005	\$21,440.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	3,046	31,675	\$3,114.05
2005	\$21,440.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	24,002	16,797	\$2,171.73
2005	\$28,266.00	Dodge	Durango	16,087	23,233	\$1,243.86
2005	\$28,266.00	Dodge	Durango	16,572	26,045	\$1,233.10
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	1,175	10,159	\$429.38
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	8,832	9,087	\$543.50
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	39,418	14,745	\$965.57
2005	Donated	Nissan	Armada	4,237	64,688	\$2,236.81
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	3,848	32,455	\$1,203.84
2005	Donated	Nissan	Titan	14,164	9,274	\$532.17
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	23,053	5,344	\$384.54
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	22,812	9,978	\$428.37
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	3,647	9,430	\$378.56
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	999	5,698	\$438.63
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	2,492	18,998	\$492.64
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	10,379	2,720	\$563.54
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	5,702	16,541	\$1,273.35
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	4,884	14418	\$779.35
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	5,367	12,637	\$894.23
2004	Donated	Infiniti	QX56	50,042	12,459	\$1,813.17
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	14,106	9,629	\$832.23

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2006						
Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	1,520	6,312	\$335.51
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	9,332	5,397	\$480.39
2005	Donated	Nissan	Titan	6,843	11,232	\$789.28
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	5,554	7,996	\$614.95
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	1,963	12,878	\$984.57
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	11,370	13,472	\$1,029.81
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	4,647	9,923	\$846.21
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	6,603	6,749	\$255.87
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	51,842	5,151	\$322.56
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	11,957	6,794	\$267.32
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	8,620	17,610	\$864.19
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	46,442	6,151	\$275.69
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	50,843	17,751	\$2,148.59
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	57,031	346	\$94.39
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	8,628	14,921	\$894.87
2005	Donated	Infiniti	WX65/DLBT	15,231	6,957	\$481.06
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	11,632	27,444	\$1,652.67
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	4,155	13,748	\$985.63
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	11,417	18,101	\$1,562.44
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	10,072	22,919	\$1,987.28
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	26,870	8,583	\$2,273.11
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	28,334	5,112	\$507.02
2006	Donated	Infiniti	QX56	46,684	13,163	\$1,068.04

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2007						
Number of Vehicles On-Hand Beginning FY-07: 60						
Number of Vehicles Purchased Out of Appropriated Funds: 0						
Number of Vehicles Sold in FY-07: 0						
Cost of Vehicles Sold or Sent to Surplus: \$14,427						
Cost of Vehicles at the Beginning of FY-07: \$2,114,944.47						
Cost of Vehicles On-Hand at the Close of FY-07: \$1,948,830.91						
Operational Cost MEMA Vehicles for FY-07: \$133,021.80						
Number of Miles Commuted in MEMA Vehicles for FY-07: 804,860						
Overall Average Cost Per Mile for FY-07: \$0.30						
Cumulative Operational Cost of MEMA Vehicles: \$428,168.04						
Cumulative Number of Miles Driven: \$3,832,988						
Overall Cumulative Average Cost Per Mile: \$0.20						
Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation
1998	\$20,791.00	GMC	1-Ton Full Size Van	69125	2715	\$2,557.35
1998	\$16,974.00	Ford	Van/Windstar	102043	1251	\$1,420.16
1999	\$26,200.00	GMC	Suburban	112086	9540	\$3,964.77
2006	\$26,200.22	GMC	Suburban	92823	9386	\$5,366.26
2001	\$17,175.00	Dodge	Caravan	81003	5694	\$703.21
2006	\$17,175.00	Dodge	Caravan	108381	4482	\$4,108.95
2000	\$27,012.00	Ford	Excursion	82466	1015	\$707.23
2000	\$27,012.00	Ford	Excursion	82012	7995	\$1,610.35
2001	\$19,594.00	Ford	Crown Victoria	52554	1198	\$954.11
2003	\$21,398.00	Dodge	Durango	86655	8087	\$575.15
2003	\$21,398.00	Dodge	Durango	103273	16526	\$2,253.89
2004	\$21,608.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	54722	12320	\$6,068.76
2004	\$21,608.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	47603	21998	\$3,027.04
2004	\$16,171.00	Dodge	Ram 1500	35251	7951	\$1,230.74
2004	\$16,171.00	Dodge	Ram 1500	44801	13589	\$2,570.04

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2007						
Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation
2004	\$485,675.75	FRHT	Mobile Operations CTR	7220	910	\$2,762.06
2005	\$21,440.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	34741	31695	\$1,302.91
2005	\$21,440.00	Jeep	Grand Cherokee	41363	17361	\$2,505.02
2005	\$28,266.00	Dodge	Durango	41769	25682	\$3,360.63
2005	\$28,266.00	Dodge	Durango	46345	29773	\$3,808.53
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	11344	10169	\$1,616.67
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	17919	9087	\$1,400.55
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	56545	17127	\$2,446.41
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	68925	64688	\$4,583.83
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	37285	33440	\$1,094.42
2005	Donated	Nissan	Titan	26830	12667	\$2,117.14
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	31680	8627	\$1,236.27
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	34385	11537	\$1,915.39
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	14220	10573	\$1,746.26
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	8338	7337	\$1,000.98
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	22024	19532	\$2,754.02
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	22588	12209	\$1,230.73
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	22243	16543	\$2,284.91
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	21194	16310	\$2,306.86
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	19160	13793	\$1,964.59
2004	Donated	Infiniti	QX56	64090	14048	\$5,717.00
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	25285	11179	\$1,669.53
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	7832	6332	\$1,444.79
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	17450	8138	\$1,595.75
2005	Donated	Nissan	Titan	20074	13231	\$1,822.33
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	15688	10134	\$2,237.75
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	17945	15982	\$1,326.58
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	26146	14776	\$1,864.80
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	14570	9923	\$1,922.91
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	13352	8705	\$1,183.92
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	57954	6112	\$3,328.84
2004	Donated	Nissan	Titan	20855	8898	\$1,594.40
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	28252	19992	\$3,162.66
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	57377	21036	\$2,134.84
2006	Donated	Nissan	Titan	23549	14921	\$3,035.83
2005	Donated	Infiniti	QX56	22188	6957	\$3,271.24
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	41603	29971	\$3,020.59
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	19936	15781	\$2,350.25
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	30579	19162	\$2,136.35
2006	\$22,214.00	Dodge	Durango	35338	25266	\$3,238.70
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada	35453	8583	\$1,753.88
2004	Donated	Nissan	Armada Path Finder	33446	5112	\$1,188.55
2006	Donated	Infiniti	QX56	59847	13163	\$1,464.12

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2008

Number of Vehicles On-Hand Beginning FY-08: 72
Number of Vehicles Purchased Out of Appropriated Funds: 12
Number of Vehicles Sold in FY-08: 0
Cost of Vehicles Sold or Sent to Surplus: 0
Cost of Vehicles at the Beginning of FY-08: \$ 2,114,944.47
Cost of Vehicles On-Hand at the Close of FY-08: \$ 2,153,604.91
Operational Cost MEMA Vehicles for FY-08: \$ 192,398.06
Number of Miles Commuted in MEMA Vehicles for FY-08: 1,001,531
Overall Average Cost Per Mile for FY-07: \$ 0.19
Cumulative Operational Cost of MEMA Vehicles: \$ 620,566.10
Cumulative Number of Miles Driven: 14,834,519
Overall Cumulative Average Cost Per Mile: \$ 0.24

Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation	Average Cost Per Mile
1998	\$16,974.00	FORD	FORD VAN/ WINDSTAR	103,906	2,211	\$1,331.39	\$0.61
1999	\$26,200.22	GMC	SUBURBAN	123,299	11,536	\$1,176.09	\$0.12
2006	\$26,200.22	GMC	SUBURBAN	102,704	11,146	\$1,120.79	\$0.11
2001	\$17,175.00	DODGE	DODGE CARAVAN	85,984	5,027	\$1,310.85	\$0.26
2006	\$17,175.00	DODGE	DODGE CARAVAN	111,844	4,144	\$2,495.92	\$0.61
2000	\$27,012.00	FORD	FORD EXCURSION	117,045	38,723	\$3,222.00	\$0.09
2000	\$27,012.00	FORD	FORD EXCURSION	92,746	11,913	\$1,430.35	\$0.12
2001	\$19,594.50	FORD	CROWN VICTORIA	54,704	2,150	\$1,256.68	\$0.59
2003	\$21,398.00	DODGE	DODGE DURANGO	94,070	7,415	\$897.87	\$0.13
2003	\$21,398.00	DODGE	DODGE DURANGO	109,869	6,596	\$212.12	\$0.04
2004	\$21,608.00	JEEP	JEEP GRAND CHEROKEE	71,097	16,375	\$3,911.50	\$0.24
2004	\$21,608.00	JEEP	JEEP GRAND CHEROKEE	61,815	17,493	\$4,430.44	\$0.26
2004	\$16,171.00	DODGE	DODGE RAM 1500	40,624	6,408	\$848.71	\$0.14
2004	\$16,171.00	DODGE	DODGE RAM 1500	58,127	14,541	\$1,254.92	\$0.09
2004	\$485,675.75	FRHT	MOBILE OPERATIONS CTR	9,816	2,963	\$2,598.90	\$0.88
2005	\$21,440.00	JEEP	GRAND CHEROKEE	43,030	8,309	\$501.34	\$0.06
2005	\$21,440.00	JEEP	JEEP GRAND CHEROKEE	46,799	6,000	\$1,019.10	\$0.17
2005	\$28,266.00	DODGE	DURANGO	70,435	31,115	\$6,124.19	\$0.21
2005	\$28,266.00	DODGE	DURANGO	81,241	38,624	\$6,983.10	\$0.18
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ NAVY	22,108	10,764	\$604.21	\$0.06
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ RED	26,194	8,275	\$834.40	\$0.11
2004	Donated	NISSAN	ARMADA	74,196	20,033	\$4,210.16	\$0.21
2004	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	40,862	4,559	\$1,613.19	\$0.36
2005	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	37,660	14,222	\$1,425.49	\$0.11
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	37,645	9,248	\$3,577.61	\$0.39
2004	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	51,156	18,366	\$3,671.74	\$0.21
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	22,563	9,486	\$2,673.79	\$0.29
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	22,542	15,845	\$1,666.78	\$0.11
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	27,012	7,015	\$3,913.21	\$0.56
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ GREY	27,598	20,499	\$919.03	\$0.05
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ GREY	39,672	12,428	\$3,584.02	\$0.29
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ RED	31,802	12,500	\$1,071.16	\$0.09
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	35,497	17,493	\$3,643.03	\$0.21
2004	Donated	INFINITI	QX56/BLK	82,000	19,500	\$8,135.43	\$0.42
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ BLK	34,895	11,160	\$2,613.13	\$0.24
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ NAVY	29,341	21,509	\$2,815.23	\$0.13
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/RED	41,687	26,958	\$3,800.44	\$0.14
2005	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/GREY	31,725	13,650	\$3,535.93	\$0.26
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/BLK/4 DR.	36,750	23,200	\$4,220.62	\$0.19
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ SILVER	41,479	26,638	\$3,615.17	\$0.14
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	44,318	19,476	\$3,208.51	\$0.17
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ GREY	35,054	20,484	\$3,986.22	\$0.21

RECAPITULATION OF TRAVEL EXPENSE ON STATE OWNED VEHICLES FOR 2008

Year	Purchase Price	Mfr.	Vehicle Model	Odometer Reading	Total Miles Driven	Total Cost Operation	Average Cost Per Mile
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ RED	21,651	8,299	\$1,804.44	\$0.22
2004	Donated	NISSAN	ARMADA	69,080	12,087	\$4,309.60	\$0.36
2004	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	32,795	14,044	\$2,467.33	\$0.18
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/ SILVER	47,283	21,053	\$5,274.10	\$0.25
2004	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/RED	68,075	15,482	\$3,088.29	\$0.21
2004	Donated	NISSAN	ARMADA	77,216	8,622	\$3,995.78	\$0.47
2004	Donated	NISSAN	ARMADA	72,340	14,963	\$4,147.93	\$0.28
2006	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN	31,479	7,930	\$4,505.20	\$0.57
2005	Donated	INFINITI	WX65/DLBT	50,404	28,216	\$3,659.17	\$0.13
2006	\$22,214.00	DODGE	DURANGO	60,870	21,794	\$5,294.04	\$0.25
2006	\$22,214.00	DODGE	DURANGO	41,504	23,591	\$3,233.23	\$0.14
2006	\$22,214.00	DODGE	DURANGO	54,766	25,249	\$4,864.95	\$0.19
2006	\$22,214.00	DODGE	DURANGO	58,879	25,888	\$5,238.58	\$0.21
2004	Donated	NISSAN	ARMADA	51,574	16,121	\$3,881.19	\$0.24
2004	Donated	NISSAN	ARMADA PATH FINDER	40,521	7,075	\$430.54	\$0.06
2006	Donated	INFINITI	QX56	71,682	11,835	\$1,605.58	\$0.14
2004	Donated	NISSAN	TITAN/RED	90,669	21,744	\$8,337.18	\$0.39
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	9,672	9,672	\$1,150.28	\$0.12
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	9,883	9,883	\$1,575.87	\$0.16
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	8,534	8,534	\$1,267.22	\$0.15
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	12,659	12,659	\$1,728.21	\$0.14
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	4,666	4,666	\$564.24	\$0.12
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	14,627	14,627	\$1,915.19	\$0.13
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	13,903	13,903	\$1,621.89	\$0.12
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	5,022	5,022	\$613.63	\$0.13
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	7,915	7,915	\$1,047.36	\$0.14
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	7,740	7,740	\$959.84	\$0.13
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	10,565	10,565	\$1,328.53	\$0.13
2008	\$15,862.25	CHEVY	IMPALA/WHITE	4,141	4,141	\$502.72	\$0.13
1998	\$20,791.00	GMC	SAVANA VAN	73,617	2,214	\$521.19	\$0.24

APPENDIX C:

STATE OF EMERGENCY FOR FISCAL YEARS 2005 - 2008

Date	Event
August 13, 2004	EMAC National Guard to Florida Hurricane Charley
August 25, 2004	Flooding
September 3, 2004	EMAC National Guard to Florida Hurricane Frances
September 13, 2004	Hurricane Ivan
November 24, 2004	Severe Weather
March 26, 2005	Severe Weather
April 1, 2005	Severe Weather & Flooding
April 6, 2005	Severe Weather
July 5, 2005	TS Cindy
July 7, 2005	Hurricane Dennis
	Desoto County Flooding
August 29, 2005	Hurricane Katrina
September 22, 2005	Hurricane Rita
March 9, 2006	Severe Weather
November 15, 2006	Severe Weather
January 4, 2007	Severe Weather
June 19, 2007	Severe Weather
September 20, 2007	Tropical Weather
January 10, 2008	Severe Weather
February 5, 2008	Severe Weather
March 20, 2008	MS River Flooding
April 4, 2008	Severe Weather
May 2, 2008	Severe Weather

