
2. Surge elevations were estimated by a 2008 SLOSH model and represent high tide with no wave action. They are the maximum of maximums or (MOMs) in feet above still water storm tide elevations. Surge elevations are the maximum elevations of all storm scenarios run for that storm category, also referred to as the maximum of maximums or (MOMs) in feet above NGVD1988.

3. Hurricane surge limits were determined by comparing the SLOSH model water surface elevations to the best available ground elevation data.